



DES SHRI NAUALMAL FIORDIA LAW COLLEGE, PUNE

B.A.L.L.B.(Semester-II)

First Year of Five Year Law Course

English for Law – CE 0201

(2017 Pattern) (Theory) (Revised)

Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) All questions carry equal marks.

Q. 1) Analyse the process of word formation & mention the category of word formation of the following word (Any Ten) [10]

- a) Co-author
- b) hyper
- c) Need
- d) Bollywood
- e) Stopwatch
- f) Willy willy
- g) Proactive
- h) Brainstorm
- i) Runway
- j) Plane
- k) JMFC
- l) Walkie Talkie

Q.2) Give at least one example of the following as per the instructions in the brackets. (Any Ten) [10]

- | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|
| a) Night (Homograph) | g) joy (Synonym) |
| b) Cook (Hyponym) | h) draw (Polysemy) |
| c) sword (Metonymy) | i) Wind (Homograph) |
| d) Reserved (Synonym) | j) Strange (Synonym) |
| e) Stationary (Hyponym) | k) pessimist (Antonym) |
| f) Lead (Homograph) | l) Mobile (Synonym) |

Q.3) Describe the following legal & Foreign terms (Any Two) [10]

- | | |
|---------------|-------------|
| a) Pleadings | b) Rebuttal |
| c) Vox populi | d) summons |
| e) Respondent | f) Evidence |
| g) Legacy | h) malafide |

Q. 4) Explain the following legal Maxims (Any Four) [10]

- a) Nemo dat quod non habet
- b) Noscitur Socii
- c) Respondent Superior
- d) Audi Alteram Partem
- e) Ex nudo Pacto non oritur action

Q. 5) Define Law & discuss its classification [10]

OR

Explain semantic ambiguity with illustrations of relevant cases

Q.6) Write a report on the conference on Legal literacy that you attended.

OR

Write a précis of the following passage.

[10]

There is no shortage of choice when it comes to buying an electric car these days. All major car companies offer at least one electric car, with many more models on the way. Besides the major companies, start-up companies have also joined in the race to electrifying our roadways. As the market and competition grows, prices will come down. What seemed like an unobtainable luxury available only for the rich will become a possibility for everyone. As technology continues to improve, and the charging station infrastructure continues to grow, electric cars are paving the way towards a more sustainable future. Electric vehicles reduce pollution from our roads. Currently the energy used to provide the electric charge is still largely fossil fuel generated electricity. The next step will be to convert all charging stations to electricity produced by a combination of solar, wind and water to maximize the sustainable energy available to us. This technology has already been developed, it just needs to grow and be put to use. Beam Global took an early lead in developing completely off-grid EV stations.

These stations are essentially composed of solar panels and a battery, soaking up the sun in the daytime and storing the energy for use during all hours, including at night. The advances in solar technology offer an optimistic view that we are working our way towards a cleaner, sustainable form of transportation down the road.

Q.7) Write a notice of a tree plantation programme to be held in your college premises

OR

Translate the following passage either in Marathi or Hindi.

[10]

We call anything beautiful that gives us pleasure, and that depends as much upon ourselves as upon what is outside us. Perhaps the majority of people find the sea beautiful when it is blue. If someone has lived in Italy as a child and has to live beside the grey northern seas when he is grown up, he will think that the grey seas are ugly; and that nothing can be as beautiful as the blue Mediterranean. But suppose a Scotsman who loves Scotland has to go and live in Italy. He might find the blue sea after a little while very uninteresting. Only when he went home and saw the grey sea again would he find the sea beautiful. We are made in different ways, and grey may be just as beautiful as blue, just as the cry of a baby may be found sweeter in someone's ears than the finest note of the finest singer that ever lived. Nothing is beautiful or ugly in itself, but thinking makes it so.

Q.8) Write an essay on one of the following

[10]

- a) The idea of one nation one election
- b) Apolitical education

Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

PA-10346

[Total No. of Pages : 4

[5932]-21

F.Y. B.A. LL.B.

First Year of Five Year Law Course
CE 0201 : ENGLISH FOR LAW
(2017 Pattern) (Semester - II)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 80

Instructions to the candidates :

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

Q1) Analyse the process of the word formation and mention the category of word formation of the following words (Any Ten) : **[10]**

- i) Leadership
- ii) Vice President
- iii) Crime Reporter
- iv) Vlog
- v) NITI
- vi) Lockup
- vii) Biopic
- viii) Tec
- ix) Care
- x) Cineplex
- xi) Tick tock
- xii) Pledge

Q2) Give at least one example of the following as per the instructions in brackets (Any Ten) : **[10]**

- i) Adjourn (Antonym)
- ii) Tree (Hyponym)
- iii) Sound (Polysemy-give any two senses)
- iv) Warning (Synonym)

P.T.O.

- v) Dose (Homophone)
- vi) Live (Homograph-use it in sentences)
- vii) Cutlery (Hyponym)
- viii) Cogent (Synonym)
- ix) Rebellious (Antonym)
- x) Site (Homophone)
- xi) Vicious (Antonym)
- xii) Wing (Polysemy-give any two senses)

Q3) Discuss the following legal and foreign terms (Any Five): [10]

- i) Appeal
- ii) Deponent
- iii) Encumbrance
- iv) Ex parte
- v) Parole
- vi) In personam
- vii) Suo moto

Q4) Explain the following legal maxims (Any Four): [10]

- i) Actus non facit reum, nisi mens sit rea
- ii) Expressio uniuns est exclusion alterius
- iii) Respondeat superior
- iv) Nocitur a sociis
- v) Ubi jus ibi remedium
- vi) Volenti non fit injuria

Q5) Define law and discuss the classification of laws. [10]

OR

What is meaning? Describe any two types of meaning?

- Q6)** Write a report on a seminar held in your college on creating awareness about artificial intelligence. [10]

OR

Write a précis of the following passage.

Human rights are those rights which are fundamental for living and for normal human existence. They are based on the concept that every man and woman, irrespective of caste, creed, colour, race and nationality is born with certain fundamental rights such as, right to live, speech, freedom, justice, etc. These rights are, therefore, enshrined in the constitution of the countries. In order to that these basic rights are maintained and adhered to by the nations of the world; United Nations Organisation adopted a Charter of human rights soon after its formation. These are rights to live, right to freedom of speech, judicial remedy, freedom of movement, right to take part in the governance of one's country etc. The second types of rights are economic and social rights. These are the right to work, right to live with dignity, right to rest and leisure, right to education, equal pay for equal work, right to equality etc. The problem of human rights is that people and countries have a different understanding of the term and its protection. In some countries political and civil rights are not given or guaranteed to all its citizens. In some other countries, economic and social rights are not enforced. Therefore, the basic idea behind stressing human rights is that all governments should try to maintain these fundamental rights and see that all types of discrimination in this respect are rooted out. Nevertheless, many types of discrimination and violation of human rights are seen in different parts of the world. It is true that racial discrimination known as 'Apartheid' as existed in South Africa formerly no longer exists in the world. Yet today, people are forced to flee their land of birth and forced to live in refugee camps under miserable conditions. Today minorities in many parts of the world have no political rights. Cruelty to prisoners of war, unjust treatment of prisoners in jail, economic discrimination, casteism, rape, child labour, child prostitution, etc., are other forms of violation of human rights.

- Q7)** Write a notice on Intercollegiate Debate Competition that is to be held in your college. [10]

OR

Translate the following passage either in Marathi or in Hindi.

Human beings are made up of three components-body, mind and soul. Corresponding to these are three needs that must be satisfied for a contented life: the physical need is health; psychological need is knowledge; and the spiritual need is inner peace. When all these are present, there is harmony. Yoga, at the physical level, gives relief from countless ailments. The practice of the postures (asanas) strengthens the body and creates a feeling of well-being. From the psychological viewpoint, Yoga sharpens the intellect and aids in concentrations. It steadies the emotions and encourages a caring concern for others. The practice of breathing techniques (pranayam) calms the mind. Yoga brings awareness and the ability to be still. Through meditation inner peace is experienced. It teaches the evolution of the individual by the development of self-discipline and self-awareness. Yoga helps to discipline our sense of power with the power of our own sense. The asanas enhance muscle strength, coordination, flexibility and can help in the cure of backache. Regular practice of Yoga helps to keep our body fit, controls cholesterol level, reduces weight, normalizes blood Pressure and improves cardiovascular performance.

Q8) Write an essay on **one** of the following : [10]

- Freedom of Speech and Expression
- Law and Society
- Independence of Judiciary

□□□

FL APR 2022

Total No. of Questions: 03

Seat No.:



DES SHRI NAVALMAL FIORDIA LAW COLLEGE, PUNE

B.A.LL.B. (Semester-II)

First Year of Five Year Law Course

Subject Name – English for Law (CE 0201)

(2017 Pattern) (Theory) (Revised)

Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicates the full marks.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.

Q. 1) Analyse the process of word formation & mention the category of word formation of the following word (Any Ten) (10 Marks)

- a) Proactive
- b) Brainstorm
- c) Runway
- d) Plane
- e) JMFC
- f) Walkie Talkie
- g) Touch
- h) Countersign
- i) Breakup
- j) Co-author
- k) Memo
- l) Underdeveloped

Q.2) Give at least one example of the following as per the instructions in the brackets. (10 Marks)

- | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| a) Lead (Homograph) | f) Mobile (Synonym) |
| b) Cook (Hyponym) | g) Bank (Polysemy) |
| c) New Blood (Metonymy) | h) Wind (Homograph) |
| d) Reserved (Synonym) | i) Strange (Synonym) |
| e) Furniture (Hyponym) | j) pessimist (Antonym) |

Q3) Describe the following legal & Foreign terms. (Any Two)

(10 Marks)

- | | |
|---------------|-------------|
| a) Pleadings | b) Rebuttal |
| c) Vox populi | d) summons |
| e) Respondent | f) Evidence |
| g) Legacy | h) malafide |

Q4) Explain the following legal Maxims. (Any Four)

(10 Marks)

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| a) Nemo dat quod non habet | b) Noscitur Socii |
| c) Respondent Superior | d) Audi Alteram Partem |
| e) Ex nudo Pacto non oritur actio | |

Q5) a) Define Law & discuss its nature.

OR

b) Explain semantic ambiguity with illustrations.

(10 Marks)

Q6) a) Write a report on the mediation conference that you attended.

(10 Marks)

OR

b) Write a précis of the following passage.

There is no shortage of choice when it comes to buying an electric car these days. All major car companies offer at least one electric car, with many more models on the way. Besides the major companies, start-up companies have also joined in the race to electrifying our roadways. As the market and competition grows, prices will come down. What seemed like an unobtainable luxury available only for the rich will become a possibility for everyone. As technology continues to improve, and the charging station infrastructure continues to grow, electric cars are paving the way towards a more sustainable future. Electric vehicles reduce pollution from our roads. Currently the energy used to provide the electric charge is still largely fossil fuel generated electricity. The next step will be to convert all charging stations to electricity produced by a combination of solar, wind and water to maximize the sustainable energy available to us. This technology has already been developed, it just needs to grow and be put to use. Beam Global took an early lead in developing completely off-grid EV stations. These stations are essentially composed of solar panels and a battery, soaking up the sun in the daytime and storing the energy for use during all hours, including at night. The advances in solar technology offer an optimistic view that we are working our way towards a cleaner, sustainable form of transportation down the road.

APR 2022

Q7) a) Write a notice of a tree plantation programme to be held in your college premises.

OR

b) Translate the following passage either in Marathi or Hindi. (10 Mark)

We call anything beautiful that gives us pleasure, and that depends as much upon ourselves as upon what is outside us. Perhaps the majority of people find the sea beautiful when it is blue. If someone has lived in Italy as a child and has to live beside the grey northern seas when he is grown up, he will think that the grey seas are ugly: and that nothing can be as beautiful as the blue Mediterranean. But suppose a Scotsman who loves Scotland has to go and live in Italy. He might find the blue sea after a little while very uninteresting. Only when he went home and saw the grey sea again would he find the sea beautiful. We are made in different ways, and grey may be just as beautiful as blue, just as the cry of a baby may be found sweeter in someone's ears than the finest note of the finest singer that ever lived. Nothing is beautiful or ugly in itself, but thinking makes it so.

Q8) Write an essay on one of the following. (10 Mark)

- a) The idea of one nation one election.
- b) Independence of Judiciary.

Total No. of Questions : 8]

E - FEB 2020

SEAT No. :

P4510

[Total No. of Pages : 3

[5645]-1201

B.A. LL.B. (Semester - II)
First Year of Five Year Law Course
ENGLISH FOR LAW
(2017 Pattern) (Theory)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Analyse the process of word formation and mention the category of word formation of the following words. (Any Ten) **[10]**

- | | |
|-----------------|--------------|
| a) Right | b) Location |
| c) Rattle-snake | d) NGT |
| e) Export | f) Docudrama |
| g) Tip-top | h) Doctorate |
| i) Machinery | j) Take |
| k) Insight | l) Ad |

Q2) Give at least one example of the following as per the instructions in brackets. (Any Ten) **[10]**

- | | |
|--------------|-------------|
| a) Pessimist | (Antonym) |
| b) Cook | (Hyponym) |
| c) Head | (Polysemy) |
| d) Strahge | (Synonym) |
| e) New blood | (Metonymy) |
| f) Wind | (Homograph) |
| g) Furniture | (Hyponym) |
| h) Mobile | (Synonym) |
| i) Disturbed | (Antonym) |
| j) Reserved | (Synonym) |
| k) Lead | (Homograph) |
| l) Bank | (Polysemy) |

P.T.O.

Q3) Discuss the following legal and foreign terms. (Any Five) [10]

- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| a) Pleadings | b) Rebuttal |
| c) Vox populi | d) Summons |
| e) Respondent | f) Evidence |
| g) Legacy | h) Mala fide |

Q4) Explain the following legal maxims. (Any Four) [10]

- a) Nemo dat quod non habet
- b) Noscitur a sociis
- c) Respondeat superior
- d) Audi alteram partem
- e) Ex nudo pacto non oritur actio

Q5) Define Law and discuss its nature. [10]

OR

Explain semantic ambiguity with illustrations.

Q6) Write a report on the programme of flag-hoisting that you attended on 15 August. [10]

OR

Write a précis of the following passage.

Conflicts can occur among people who have differing ideas or goals. Many conflicts are small and are quickly resolved. Others are serious and take time and effort to resolve. Many work conflicts occur when an employee feels a need to be in control of certain situations that are not part of his or her job description. This can create a power struggle. Power struggles, or conflicts over roles and responsibilities, often disrupt the work environment for everyone. Other common causes of conflict are personality differences, poor communication, and jealousy.

If you are ever involved in a conflict, avoid complaining to your boss right away. Instead, schedule a time with the other people involved to talk things out, using the conflict resolution strategies. Working together to resolve, or find a solution to, a conflict can be a valuable experience. You strengthen many of the skills you need in the workplace, and you help strengthen relationships at work.

Q7) Write a notice of a tree plantation programme to be held in your college premises.

[10]

OR

Translate the following passage either in Marathi or in Hindi.

The effective interviewer is someone who is able to structure and manage the encounter in such a way that information irrelevant to the purpose of the interaction is largely eliminated and relevant information is fully and accurately communicated in a relatively brief period of time. Many interviewers engage in interactions that are very different from this. They fail to manage the interaction and allow, maybe even encourage, the respondent to spend much of the time talking about things which are irrelevant to the purpose of the interview.

Q8) Write an essay on one of the following :

[10]

- a) The idea of one nation one election
- b) Independence of judiciary and its significance



[- MAY 2019

Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

P2481

[Total No. of Pages : 3

[5544]-1105

B.A. LL.B. (Semester - II)

(First Year of Five Years Law Course)

ENGLISH FOR LAW

(2017 Pattern) (Theory)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks :80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Analyse the process of the word formation and mention the category of word formation of the following words. (Any Ten) : [10]

- | | |
|----------------|-----------------|
| i) Might | ii) Nomination |
| iii) Makeshift | iv) NCLT |
| v) Impart | vi) Statuesque |
| vii) Riffraff | viii) Camcorder |
| ix) Sensory | x) Pick |
| xi) Daylight | xii) Varsity |

Q2) Give at least one example of the following as per the instructions in brackets. (Any Ten) [10]

- | | |
|--------------|-------------|
| i) Nadir | (Antonym) |
| ii) Snake | (Hyponym) |
| iii) Over | (Polysemy) |
| iv) Basic | (Synonym) |
| v) Roll | (Homophone) |
| vi) Bank | (Homograph) |
| vii) Bird | (Hyponym) |
| viii) Bottom | (Synonym) |
| ix) Focused | (Antonym) |
| x) Great | (Homophone) |
| xi) Hail | (Homograph) |
| xii) Head | (Polysemy) |

P.T.O.

Q3) Discuss the following legal and foreign terms. (Any Five) :

[10]

- | | |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| i) Approver | ii) Intellectual property |
| iii) Heir | iv) Locus standi |
| v) Mens rea | vi) Damages |
| vii) Oath | viii) In limine |

Q4) Explain the following legal maxims (Any Four)

[10]

- i) Expressio unius est exclusion alterius.
- ii) Ignorantia facti excusat, ignorantia juris non excusat.
- iii) Vigilantibus non dormientibus jura subveniunt.
- iv) Delegatus non potest delegare.
- v) Audi alteram partem.

Q5) What is interpreting law and the role of language in it?

[10]

OR

Discuss the differences between denotative and connotative meanings with illustrations.

Q6) Write a report on a seminar that you attended in a college.

[10]

OR

Write a précis of the following passage.

Virgil's masterful and meticulously crafted poetry earned him a legacy as the greatest poet in the Latin language. Throughout the Middle Ages and into the Renaissance, his fame only grew. Before the invention of the printing press, when classical texts, transmitted by the hands of scribes, were scarce, Virgil's poetry was available to the literate classes, among whom he was regarded as the most significant writer of antiquity. He inspired poets across languages, including Dante in Italian, Milton in English, and an anonymous French poet who reworked the *Aeneid* into the medieval romance *Le Roman d'Eneas*. In what became a Christian culture, Virgil was viewed as a pagan prophet because several lines in his works were interpreted as predictions of the coming of Christ. Among writers of the Renaissance, Virgil was appreciated for the fluidity of his rigorously structured poetry and his vivid portrayals of human emotion.

Modern critics, on the other hand, have been less kind. Virgil's poetry is often judged in relation to that of his Greek predecessors, especially the *Iliad* and the *Odyssey*, epics attributed to Homer that also portray the Trojan War and its aftermath. Most contemporary scholars hold that Virgil's poetry

pales in comparison to Homer's. Virgil himself often viewed his poetry in light of Homer's; he invoked, such comparisons within the *Aeneid* and wished to surpass the Greek poet, while still borrowing from him heavily. Virgil's poetry does not possess the same originality of expression as Homeric epic poetry. The *Aeneid* shares with the *Iliad* and the *Odyssey* a tone of ironic tragedy, as characters act against their own wishes, submit their lives to fate, and often meet dark ends. Most scholars agree that Virgil distinguished himself within the epic tradition of antiquity by representing the broad spectrum of human emotion in his characters as they are subsumed in the historical tides of dislocation and war.

Q7) Write a notice about the physical fitness tests that are to be conducted in your college. [10]

OR

Translate the following passage either in Marathi or in Hindi.

MacIver explained the difference between the state and the government and the organ and organization in an effective expression: "When we speak of the estate we mean the organization of which government is the administrative organ. Even organization must have a focus of administration, an agency by which its policies are given specific character and translated into action. But the organization is greater than the organ. In this sense the state is greater and more inclusive than its government. A state has a constitution, a code of laws, a way of setting up its government, a body of citizens...when we think of this whole structure we think of the state... Under these endlessly varied circumstances the habits pertaining to government, which at first were centered in the family and kin-circle, found a locus in the inclusive community

Q8) Write an essay on one of the following: [10]

- a) Right to freedom of expression.
- b) Women empowerment through various laws.
- c) Positive use of educational apps.



- 1) All questions are compulsory.
2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

JAN 2019

Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

P527

[Total No. of Pages : 3

*[5444]-2001

B.S.L./B.A. LL.B. (Semester - II)

First Year of Five Years Law Course

ENGLISH FOR LAW

(2017 Pattern) (Theory)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Analyse the process of the word formation and mention the category of word formation of the following words. (Any Ten) [10]

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| a) Picturesque | b) Lawyer |
| c) Law-abiding | d) Flu |
| e) CID | f) Lock |
| g) Televangelist | h) Simulation |
| i) Agricultural | j) Tip |
| k) GST | l) Pitter-patter |

Q2) Give at least one example of the following as per the instructions in brackets. (Any Ten) [10]

- a) Obey (Antonym)
- b) Tree (Hyponym)
- c) Save (Polysemy- Give any two senses)
- d) Dissatisfaction (Synonym)
- e) Flew (Homophone)
- f) Tear (Homograph- Use it in sentences)
- g) Animal (Hyponym)
- h) Practice (Synonym)
- i) Powerful (Antonym)
- j) Hail (Homophone)
- k) Horizontal (Antonym)
- l) Milk (Polysemy- give any two senses)

P.T.O.

Q3) Discuss the following legal and foreign terms. (Any Five) [10]

- | | |
|------------------|----------------|
| a) Justice | b) Detention |
| c) Lis pendens | d) Proviso |
| e) Liability | f) Ultra vires |
| g) Amicus curiae | h) Defendant |

Q4) Explain the following legal maxims. (Any Four) [10]

- a) Actus non facit reum, nisi mens sit rea
- b) Nemodat quod non habet
- c) Res ipsa loquitur
- d) Delegatus non potest delegare
- e) Audi alteram partem
- f) Actus curiae neminem gravabit

Q5) Discuss denotative and connotative meanings with examples. [10]

OR

Explain the concept of semantic ambiguity with some examples.

Q6) Write a report on the Swachata Abhiyan (campaign) held in your area. [10]

OR

Write a précis of the following passage.

Eyewitnesses frequently play a vital role in uncovering the truth about a crime. The evidence they provide can be critical in identifying, charging, and ultimately convicting suspected criminals. That is why it is absolutely essential that eyewitness evidence be accurate and reliable. One way of ensuring we, as investigators, obtain the most accurate and reliable evidence from eyewitnesses is to follow sound protocols in our investigations.

Recent cases in which DNA evidence has been used to exonerate individuals convicted primarily on the basis of eyewitness testimony have shown us that eyewitness evidence is not infallible. Even the most honest and objective people can make mistakes in recalling and interpreting a witnessed event; it is the nature of human memory. This issue has been at the heart of a growing body of research in the field of eyewitness identification over the past decade. The National Institute of Justice convened a technical working group of law enforcement and legal practitioners, together with these researchers, to explore the development of improved procedures for the collection and preservation of eyewitness evidence within the criminal justice system.

Q7) Draft a notice on the sports week to be held in your college. [10]

OR

Translate the following passage either in Marathi or in Hindi.

The legal system always has relied on the testimony of eyewitnesses, nowhere more than in criminal cases. Although the evidence eyewitnesses provide can be tremendously helpful in developing leads, identifying criminals, and exonerating the innocent, this evidence is not infallible. Even honest and well-meaning witnesses can make errors, such as identifying the wrong person or failing to identify the perpetrator of a crime. Numerous courts and rule making bodies have, at various times, designed and instituted special procedures to guard against eyewitness mistakes. Most State and local law enforcement agencies have established their own policies, practices, and training protocols with regard to the collection and handling of eyewitness evidence, many of which are quite good.

Q8) Write an essay on one of the following. [10]

- a) Environment protection
- b) The role of police in investigation of crimes and law and order
- c) The significance of communication skills in a successful career

Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

P5334

[Total No. of Pages : 3

[5337]-201

B.A. LLB (Semester -II)

First Year of Five Year Law Course

ENGLISH FOR LAW

(2017 Pattern) (Revised) (Theory)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Analyse the process of the word formation and mention the category of word formation of the following words. (Any Ten) [10]

- | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| i) Lost | ii) Misrepresentation |
| iii) Makeup | iv) Telly |
| v) RAW | vi) Captain |
| vii) Mocumentary | viii) Transport |
| ix) Reference | x) Beat |
| xi) Hockey pockey | xii) Self-employed |

Q2) Give at least one example of the following as per the instructions in brackets. (Any Ten) [10]

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| i) Loss | (Antonym) |
| ii) Bird | (Hyponym) |
| iii) Mouth | (Polysemy- give any two senses) |
| iv) Rude | (Synonym) |
| v) Right | (Homophone) |
| vi) Bear | (Homograph- use it in sentences) |
| vii) Flower | (Hyponym) |
| viii) Examination | (Synonym) |
| ix) Patriotism | (Antonym) |
| x) Red | (Homophone) |
| xi) Life | (Antonym) |
| xii) Fix | (Polysemy- give any two senses) |

P.T.O.

Q3) Discuss the following legal and foreign terms.(Any Five)

[10]

- i) Amendment
- ii) Claimant
- iii) Homicide
- iv) Nudum pactum
- v) Extortion
- vi) Prima facie
- vii) Mala fide
- viii) Overrule

Q4) Explain the following legal maxims.(Any Four)

[10]

- i) Audi alteram partem
- ii) Expressio unius est exclusion alterius
- iii) Respondeat superior
- iv) Nocitur a sociis
- v) Ubi jus ibi remedium
- vi) Volenti non fit injuria

Q5) Discuss the significance of English in the Indian legal context.

[10]

OR

Define law and discuss the classification of laws.

Q6) Write a report on a workshop held in a college on creating awareness about women's rights.

[10]

OR

Write a précis of the following passage.

Philosophy ought to appeal to all of us because it comes from our sense of wonder about the universe and our place in it. As a species, we are naturally curious about everything, and we desire to know and understand things. As individuals, we want to be wise rather than plain ignorant. Hence the word 'philosophy' means 'love of wisdom' in Greek. It originally covered all intellectual pursuits. Everyone earnestly seeking knowledge and understanding was called a philosopher. Whenever we think deeply and consistently about our ideas, concepts, principles, theories, morals, or ways of living, we are doing philosophy. How do we know what we know? What is it to be a good person? What is art? Is an electron a real or imaginary object? Is religion

fantasy or reality? These are all philosophical questions, and in considering them, we are philosophers of some type or other. Every human activity has its 'philosophy'. We can have a philosophy of how to run a business, of playing golf, shopping, eating carefully, or whatever. Our thinking about an activity becomes a philosophy when we think seriously about it and have our reasons for doing what we do. We philosophise about it when we examine what it involves and how it relates to other activities similar to or different from it. Philosophy is therefore the ultimate thinking activity. It reflects what is most distinctive about us as a species, namely, our ability to think abstractly about things. Once we humans give up thinking and questioning everything, we are indeed a doomed species. Any attempt to narrow its scope threatens our freedom to think about things from new, different and unaccustomed perspectives. But that is the general view of philosophy. There is also the academic study of philosophy which has developed in western culture as a distinct subject.

- Q7)** Write a notice on the cultural programmes that are to be held in your college. [10]

OR

Translate the following passage either in Marathi or in Hindi.

It is often truly said that many of our best lawyers I am speaking now especially of New York City are withdrawing from court practice because the nature of the litigation is changing. To such an extent is this change taking place in some localities that the more important commercial cases rarely reach a court decision. Our merchants prefer to compromise their difficulties, or to write off their losses, rather than enter into litigations that must remain dormant in the courts for upward of three years awaiting their turn for a hearing on the overcrowded court calendars. And yet fully six thousand cases of one kind or another are tried or disposed of yearly in the Borough of Manhattan alone.

- Q8)** Write an essay on one of the following. [10]

- a) Right to privacy
- b) Human rights and their implementation
- c) Honesty is the best policy

