

Total No. of Questions : 10]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 4

P1627

[6011] 51

T.Y. B.A. LL.B.

(Five Year Law Course)

LC-0501 : LEGAL AND CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY

(2017 Pattern) (Semester -V)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any three questions from part A. Each question in part A carries 15 marks.
- 2) Answer any two questions from part B. Each questions in part B carries 10 marks.
- 3) Answer any three questions from part C. Each question in part C carries 5 marks.

PART-A

[3×15=45]

Q1) Write a detail note on administration of justice in Madras up to 1726.

Q2) Examine in detail the judicial plans of Warren Hastings.

Q3) Discuss the reasons for enactment of the charter of 1726. Also examine the various changes brought by the charter of 1726.

Q4) "A great step forward was taken in the Indian Legal History when the Supreme Court of Judicature was created at Calcutta under the Regulating Act of 1773." Critically Examine the establishment and working of the Supreme Court at Calcutta.

Q5) The year 1861 constitutes a conspicuos landmark on the progress of development of legal and judicial institutions in India and the steps were taken to establish the High Courts in India. Write in detail a note on the Indian High Courts Act, 1861.

P.T.O.

PART-B

[2×10=20]

Q6) Critically examine the factual setup and the decision given by the Supreme Court in the Patana case.

Q7) Discuss in detail the jurisdiction of the Federal Court.

Q8) Write in detail the provisions of the Charter of 1753.

Q9) Write a note on Morley-Minto reform and The Indian Council Act. 1909.

PART-C

[3×5=15]

Q10) Write short notes.

- a) Kamaluddin's Case
- b) Circuit Court
- c) Establishment of East India Company
- d) Advisory Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court
- e) The Nehru Report, 1928

Nov.-2022

Total No. of Questions : 10]

SEAT No. :

PA-1177

[Total No. of Pages : 4

[5932]-51

Third Year B.A. LL.B.

(Five Years Law Course)

LC - 0501 : LEGAL AND CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY

(2017 Pattern) (Semester - V)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Answer any Three questions from Part-A. Each question in Part - A carries 15 marks.*
- 2) *Answer any Two questions from Part-B. Each question in Part - B carries 10 marks.*
- 3) *Answer question No. 10 from Part-C as directed. Each question in Part-C carries 5 marks.*

PART - A

[3 × 15 = 45]

Q1) Write a detail note on administration of justice in Bombay during the period of 1668 to 1726.

Q2) “Before 1773, the executive had exercised control over the judiciary, the Regulating Act of 1773 sought to change this pattern and authorized the judiciary to control the executive”. Do you agree with this statement? Write a detail note on the Regulating Act of 1773 and the Supreme Court at Calcutta.

Q3) Discuss in detail the judicial plans of Lord Cornwallis.

Q4) Write note on origin of the Privy Council. Discuss in detail the role of Privy Council in the administration of justice during British era.

Q5) Discuss in detail the salient features of the Government of India Act, 1935.

P.T.O.

PART - B

[2 × 10 = 20]

- Q6)** "According to some historians, the trial of Raja Nandkumar was a judicial murder". Do you agree with this statement? Justify your answer with reasons.
- Q7)** Write a note on Montagu-Chelmsford Report and the Government of India Act, 1919.
- Q8)** Explain in details the main features of the Act of Settlement 1781.
- Q9)** Write in detail note on the Indian High Courts Act, 1861.

PART - C

Q10) Write short notes (any three) :

[3 × 5 = 15]

- a) Kamaluddin's Case
- b) Black town and white town
- c) Establishment of East India Company
- d) Simon Commission Report
- e) Mayor's Court



Apr.-2022

Total No. of Questions : 10]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

P4462

[5845]-51

Thrid Year B.A. LL.B.

LAW

LC - 0501 : Legal and Constitutional History
(2017 Pattern) (Semester - V) (Revised)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any three questions from Part A. Each question in Part A is for 15 marks.
- 2) Answer any two questions from Part B. Each question in Part B is for 10 marks.
- 3) Answer question No. 10 from Part C. as directed. The Question No. 10 is for 15 marks.

PART-A

[3×15=45]

Q1) Write a detail note on administration of justice in Madras.

Q2) “Before 1773, the executive had exercised control over the judiciary. The Regulating Act of 1773 sought to change this pattern and authorized the judiciary to control the executive”. Do you agree with this statement? Write a detail note on the Regulating Act of 1773 and the Supreme Court at Calcutta.

Q3) Under what circumstances the Government of India Act, 1935 was passed? Also discuss the salient features of the Government of India Act, 1935.

Q4) “The judicial Plans of Warren Hastings were not perfect; there were several drawbacks in them, but those plans exhibit a sincere desire to promote impartial justice and were perhaps the only feasible system at that time”. Examine in detail the Judicial Plans of Warren Hastings.

Q5) Discuss in detail the judicial measures of Cornwallis.

P.T.O.

PART-B

[2×10=20]

- Q6)** Critically examine the factual setup and decision given by the Supreme Court in Patna Case.
- Q7)** Discuss in brief the Simon Commission Report and the Nehru Report.
- Q8)** Write a note on the process of codification in India with reference to the provisions of Charter Act of 1833 and consequential Law Commissions.
- Q9)** Discuss the jurisdiction of the High Court under Indian High Courts Act, 1861.

PART-C

[3×5=15]

Q10) Write short notes on (any three).

- a) Cossijurah Case.
- b) Precedential value of the Privy Council Decision.
- c) Court of Request.
- d) Montagu-Chelmsford Report.
- e) Advisory Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court.



NOV 2019

Total No. of Questions : 10]

SEAT No. :

P4521

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5645]-1501

B.A. LL.B. (Part - III) (Semester - V)
(Third Year of Five Year Law Course)

LAW

LC - 0501 : LEGAL AND CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY
(2017 Pattern)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 80

Instructions to the candidates :

- 1) *Answer any three questions from Part A. Each question in Part A is for 15 marks.*
- 2) *Answer any two questions from Part B. Each question in Part B is for 10 marks.*
- 3) *Answer question No. 10 from Part C as directed. The question No. 10 is for 15 marks.*

PART - A

[3 × 15 = 45]

- Q1)** Write a detail note on administration of justice in Bombay during the period of 1668 to 1726.
- Q2)** What were the reasons for enactment of the charter of 1726? Also discuss the various changes brought about by the charter of 1726.
- Q3)** *"The Governor-Generalship of Lord Cornwallis which extended from 1786 to 1793 constitutes a very remarkable and a highly creative period in Indian Legal History.He Introduced for the first time the principle of administration according to law.....". Discuss in detail the judicial plans of Lord Cornwallis.*
- Q4)** Write a note on origin of the Privy Council. Discuss in detail the role of Privy Council in the administration of justice during British era.
- Q5)** Discuss in detail main features of the Government of India Act, 1935. What were the defects in the Government of India Act, 1935?

P.T.O.

PART - B

[2 × 10 = 20]

- Q6)** Write in brief about Warren Hasting's plan of 1772.
- Q7)** What do you understand by the term 'Communal Award' in the context of Indian struggle for independence? Set out in detail the circumstances which resulted into Poona Pact.
- Q8)** Discuss the main features of the Charter of 1600. Also discuss the constitution of East India Company and powers given to it by the said Charter.
- Q9)** Discuss the legislative changes brought about by East India Company with special reference to the Sati Regulation Act, 1829 and Caste Disabilities Removal Act, 1850.

PART - C

[3 × 5 = 15]

Q10) Write short note on any three :

- a) Dadaji Bhikaji V. Rukmabai, ILA (1885-1886) 10 Born 301.
- b) Black town and white town.
- c) Kamaluddin's Case (1775).
- d) Settlement Act, 1781.
- e) The civil disobedience movement.
