

Total No. of Questions : 10]

P8869

[6102]-221

NOV 2023

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 4

Second Year LL.B. (Three Year Course)
LC - 0701 : CONSTITUTIONAL LAW - II
(2017 Pattern) (Semester - III) (Revised)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any three questions from Part A Each question in Part A is for 15 marks.
- 2) Answer any two questions from Part B Each question in Part B is for 10 marks.
- 3) Answer any three questions from Part C Each question in Part C is for 5 marks.

PART - A

[3×15=45]

- Q1) Explain the jurisdiction and superintending power of High Court.
- Q2) Explain the composition and powers of both Houses of Parliament in India.
- Q3) Discuss various powers of President of India.
- Q4) Discuss the composition, powers and principle of collective responsibility of Council of ministers of the Union.
- Q5) Explain different kinds of emergency provided in Constitution of India.

P.T.O.

PART - B

[2×10=20]

Q6) What is the procedure of passing a money bill and an ordinary bill in Parliament?

Q7) Explain in detail Sarkaria Commission and its report.

Q8) Explain the nature of Indian Constitution.

Q9) Discuss the appellate jurisdiction of Supreme Court of India.

PART - C

Q10) Write Short Notes on : (Any three)

[3×5=15]

- a) Election Commission of India
- b) Governor's ordinance making power
- c) Vice President
- d) Impeachment proceeding of President of India
- e) Financial Bill

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- APR 2023

Total No. of Questions : 10]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 4

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Second Year LL.B. Three Year Course

LAWS

LC - 0701 : Constitutional Law - II
(2017 Pattern) (Theory) (Semester - III)

[Max. Marks : 80

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Part - A Part - B and Part - C are compulsory.
- 2) Answer any three questions from Part-A. Each question in Part-A is for 15 marks.
- 3) Answer any two questions from part-B. Each question in part-B is for 10 marks.
- 4) Answer any three questions from part-C. Each question in part-C is for 05 marks.

PART-A

Q1) 'The Constitution of India is neither federal nor unitary but it is mixture of both'. Explain.

Q2) Write in detail on the scope and extent of the 'Executive Powers of the Union'.

Q3) Discuss the writ jurisdiction of the Supreme Court Under Article 32 of the Constitution.

Q4) What are the different kinds of emergencies provided in the Constitution? Also explain its effects on the fundamental rights given in Part III of the Constitution.

Q5) Discuss in detail different powers and privileges of the Governor in State.

P.T.O.

PART-B

Q6) What is the procedure for passing an 'Ordinary Bill' and 'Money Bill'? Also Distinguish between them.

Q7) Write on the post of Vice President and also explain under what circumstances he acts as President?

Q8) Write when parliament can legislate with respect to matters in the State List.

Q9) What are the provisions under the Indian Constitution regarding appointment, functions and powers of the 'Election Commission'.

PART - C

Q10) Write short notes on any three of the following.

- a) Punchhi Commission.
- b) Rajmanner Committee.
- c) Financial Emergency.
- d) Vicarious Liability of Government.
- e) Present status of Article 370 of the Constitution.

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Total No. of Questions : 10]

SEAT No. :

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PA-844

[5933]-701

S.Y. LL.B. (Semester - III)

LAW

LC 0701 : Constitutional Law - II
(Second Year of Three Years Course)
(2017 Pattern)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any three questions from part 'A'. Each question in part 'A' is for 15 marks.
- 2) Answer any two questions from part 'B'. Each question in part 'B' is for 10 marks.
- 3) Answer any three questions from part 'C'. Each question in part 'C' is for 5 marks.

PART - A

[3 × 15 = 45]

Q1) What are the powers and duties of the President of India?

Q2) Identify and elucidate the provisions of the Constitution regarding disqualification of a person from being a member of the Parliament or of the State Legislature.

Q3) What are the powers of a High Court to issue writs?

Q4) Analyse the administrative relations between the Union and the States.

Q5) Explain the constitutional provision for imposing President's Rule' in a State.

P.T.O.

PART - B

[2 × 10 = 20]

Q6) Discuss the position of Governor by explaining his powers and functions as mentioned in the Constitution.

Q7) Explain the legislative procedure that is adopted in the Parliament for passing of Bills.

Q8) Explain the 'Original and Appellate Jurisdiction' of the Supreme Court of India.

Q9) Write on the 'Procedure of Impeachment' of President of India.

PART - C

[3 × 5 = 15]

Q10) Write short notes on any THREE.

- a) Contingency Fund of India
- b) Judicial Powers of Governor
- c) Comptroller and Auditor General of India
- d) Sarkaria Commission
- e) Public Service Commission



Apr.-2022

Total No. of Questions : 10]

SEAT No. :

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S.Y. LL.B.

LAW

LC - 0701 : Constitutional Law - II
(Second Year of Three Years Course)
(2017 Pattern) (Semester - III)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 80

Instructions to the candidates :

- 1) Answer any three questions from part A. Each question in part A is for 15 marks.
- 2) Answer any two questions from part B. Each question in part B is for 10 marks.
- 3) Answer any three questions from part C. Each question in part C is for 5 marks.

PART - A

[3 × 15 = 45]

Q1) What are the 'Federal Characteristics' of Indian Constitution?

Q2) Discuss in detail the position and powers of the 'President of India'.

Q3) What do you understand by the terms 'Ordinary Bill', 'Money Bill' and 'Financial Bill'? Explain.

Q4) What are the grounds provided under Indian Constitution for declaring 'National Emergency'? Discuss the consequences of declaration of emergency.

Q5) Explain the 'Structure, Powers and Functions of Panchayats' as provided in the Constitution of India.

PART - B

[2 × 10 = 20]

Q6) Explain the different kinds of jurisdiction of the Supreme of India.

Q7) What are the powers, privileges and immunities of the 'Members of Parliament'?

P.T.O.

Q8) Write a note on 'Freedom of Trade, Commerce and Intercourse' under the Indian Constitution.

Q9) Discuss the position of the State of Jammu & Kashmir under the Indian Constitution with reference to the changes occurred in recent years.

PART - C

[3 × 5 = 15]

- Q10)**
- a) Constitutional Remedies
 - b) Advocate General of the State
 - c) Administrative Tribunals
 - d) Status of Jammu and Kashmir under the Constitution
 - e) Punchhi Commission (2007)



Total No. of Questions : 10]

SEAT No. :

- NOV 2019

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LL.B. (Semester - III)

Second Year of Three Year Law Course

LC - 0701 : CONSTITUTIONAL LAW - II

(2017 Pattern)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 80

Instructions to the candidates :

- 1) *Answer any three questions from Part - A. Each question in Part - A carries 15 marks.*
- 2) *Answer any two questions from Part - B. Each question in Part - B carries 10 marks.*
- 3) *Attempt any three short notes from Part - C. Each short note carries 5 marks.*

PART - A

[3 x 15 = 45]

- Q1)** What are the essential characteristics of a federal constitution? To what extent those characteristics are incorporated in the Constitution of India.
- Q2)** "The Governor works as the representative of the Union in a State". Explain the above statement with the help of latest case laws.
- Q3)** Discuss the constitutional provisions and judicial decisions relating to Anti-Defection law in India.
- Q4)** Critically examine the law relating to the appointments, transfers and removal of judges of High Courts and The Supreme Court of India.
- Q5)** Evaluate the nature of federal structure adopted by the Indian Constitution, from the perspective of Administrative Relations between The Union and States.

P.T.O.

PART - B

[2 x 10 = 20]

- Q6)** Describe the Structure, Powers and Functions of Panchayats under the Constitution of India.
- Q7)** Critically examine the constitutional provisions relating to the Contractual Liability of Government.
- Q8)** Evaluate the provision under Article 356 of the Constitution of India.
- Q9)** Comment upon the recommendations made by the Sarkaria Commission (1983).

PART - C

[3 x 5 = 15]

Q10) Write short notes on any three of the followings :

- a) Financial Emergency.
- b) Official language under Part - XVII of the constitution of India.
- c) Public Service Commissions for the Union and States.
- d) Prime Minister and his council.
- e) Finance Commission.



Total No. of Questions : 9]

SEAT No. :

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[5543]-2001

LL.B. (Semester - III)

Second Year of Three Year Law Course

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW - II

(2017 Pattern) (Revised)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks :80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any two questions from part 'A' each question in part 'A' is for 20 marks.
- 2) Answer any two questions from part 'B' each question in part 'B' is for 15 marks.
- 3) Answer question no. 9 from part C as directed. Question no.9 is for 10 marks.

PART - A

[2 × 20 = 40]

- Q1) "The Council of Ministers shall be collectively responsible to the house of the people." In light of the above statement critically discuss the composition, power and function of council of ministers of the union.
- Q2) Examine in detail the scheme of distribution of legislative powers under the Indian Constitution. When can the Parliament legislate with respect to matters contained in the State List?
- Q3) Write a detail note on proclamation of emergency under article 352 of the constitution.
- Q4) What are the salient features of Art. 370 of the Constitution? Elaborate your answer with reference to the Constitutional (Application to Jammu & Kashmir) Order 1954.

PART - B

[2 × 15 = 30]

- Q5) Give an overview of important changes brought by the Constitution (One Hundred and First Amendment) Act 2016 with the introduction of GST.
- Q6) Write a critical note on freedom of trade, commerce and intercourse under the Constitution of India.

P.T.O.

Q7) With the help of appropriate case laws write a detail note on Parliamentary privileges in India.

Q8) Write a note on distribution of executive power between Union and State.

PART - C

[2 × 5 = 10]

Q9) Write short notes on any two :

- a) The Vice-President of India.
- b) Supervisory Jurisdiction of High Court.
- c) Financial Emergency.
- d) Federalism and Basic Structure Doctrine.



Total No. of Questions : 9]

SEAT No. :

OCT 2018

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[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5443] - 3001

LL.B. (Semester - III)

Second Year of Three Year Law Course

LC 701 : CONSTITUTIONAL LAW - II

(2017 Pattern) (Revised Syllabus)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any two questions from Part 'A' each question in Part 'A' is for 20 marks.
- 2) Answer any two questions from Part 'B' each question in Part 'B' is for 15 marks.
- 3) Answer question No. 9 from Part C as directed, Question No. 9 is for 10 marks.

Part - A

[2 × 20 = 40]

- Q1)** Discuss essential characteristics of Indian Federalism. Distinguish it with the American form of federalism.
- Q2)** Write a critical note on election of the President of India. Also discuss the procedure for impeachment of the President.
- Q3)** Discuss the Pre GST position of allocation of Taxing power and distribution of revenue between the Union and the State under the Constitution.
- Q4)** What are the conditions and procedure to invoke Art 356 of the Constitution? Also discuss the consequences of invoking Art 356.

Part - B

[2 × 15 = 30]

- Q5)** Write a critical comment on the writ and supervisory jurisdiction of High Court.

P.T.O.

Q6) Discuss the scope of Art 301 of the constitution. Also elaborate on the restrictions laid down on the freedom of trade and commerce under the Parliamentary law and the state law.

Q7) Discuss in detail the functions of the Parliament of India.

Q8) Write a critical note on Art. 370 of the constitution.

Part - C

Q9) Write short notes on any two:

[2 x 5 = 10]

- a) Sarkaria Commission.
- b) Governor.
- c) Inter-State Council.
- d) The Goods and Services Tax Council.