

Total No. of Questions: 07

Seat No.:



DES SHRI NAVALMAL FIORDIA LAW COLLEGE, PUNE

B.A.LL.B. (Semester-I)
First Year of Five-Year Law Course
GENERAL ENGLISH [CE 0101]
(CBCS 2023 Pattern) (Theory)

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 70]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicates the full marks.

Q.1) Do as directed (Any fifteen)**(15 Marks)**

- a) They are constructing a bridge over the river. (Change the voice)
- b) Youtake permission for quitting this project. (Use auxiliary verb for possibility)
- c) "How was the trip", said Riya to Diya. (Use reported speech)
- d) Siyaram & Raymond have been competing brands.(Make Wh type question)
- e) Delhi pollution has reached to.....peak this year.(Use article)
- f) All of them are not happy the decision. (Use preposition)
- g) The world is/has been struggling with the issues of global warming. (choose the correct verb)
- h) Simran told him that he would go to Delhi for Seminar. (Make a simple sentence)
- i) Ishaan is not feeling well. He will not come to office today. (Make a compound sentence)
- j) The He was playing the tabla & she was dancing on the rhythm. (Make a complex sentence)

- k) A new initiative was launched by the government. (Change the voice)
- l) She borrowed a few lines This book. (Use preposition)
- m) While Fiza was completing the project, the manager sent her on another official duty. (Make a compound sentence)
- n) Ayaan shifted his attention to creative things so that he can maintain his sanity & peace. (Make a simple sentence)
- o) She did not admit her guilt. (Make a complex sentence)
- p) India is/has been progressing in IT sector since 2000. (choose the correct verb)
- q) The notice was displayed on the website much prior to the event. (Make Wh type question)

Q.2) Identify the word formation method in following words (Any ten) (10 Marks)

- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| a) Cacophony | g) impartial |
| b) Payee | h) hunny-bunny |
| c) Host | i) Basketball |
| d) Restaurant | j) demo |
| e) book | k) Careless |
| f) raindrop | l) ICJ |

Q.3) Discuss word formation methods with examples. (10 Marks)

OR

What is PQIRST method? Discuss the significance of this method for law students.

Q.4) Write a short note on any one of the following (05 Marks)

- a) Structure of word
- b) Extensive reading

OR

Write a cohesive paragraph on any one of the following

- a) Impact of social media on Indian Society
- b) Justice delayed is justice denied.

Q.5) Read following passage carefully & make notes of it

(10 Marks)

You may never want to fly kites to keep away evil spirits, as the Chinese have done for centuries, or to make rain, as the Tibetans did, but some more modern and western uses may tempt you to try experimenting yourself along similar lines. Ancient and medieval Chinese sources describe kites being used for measuring distances, testing the wind, lifting men, signalling and communication for military operations. The earliest known Chinese kites were flat (not bowed) and often rectangular. Later, tailless kites incorporated a stabilising bowline. Kites were decorated with mythological motifs and legendary figures; some were fitted with strings and whistles to make musical sounds while flying. From China, kites were introduced to Cambodia, India, Japan, Korea and the western world.

The most widespread use of kites in modern times has been for meteorological investigations. Everybody knows about how Benjamin Franklin, the great American scholar and statesman, sent a kite up in 1752 during a thunderstorm to prove that lightning was caused by electricity. He produced sparks at ground level from a key hung on the wet line as the current flowed down it. A second investigator repeated Franklin's experiment shortly afterwards and was killed. By sending up instruments on kites it has been possible to make readings of air pressure, temperature, speed, direction and humidity. Although thermometers had been sent up long before, it was not until 1894, that a self-reading thermometer, a thermograph, was sent up by a kite.

Q.6) Write a precise of the following paragraph

(10 Marks)

The global workforce has witnessed a significant transformation in recent years, with remote work becoming increasingly prevalent. This shift, accelerated by technological advancements and the COVID-19 pandemic, has led to a **paradigm shift** in how businesses operate and employees work. Remote work, also known as telecommuting or telework, allows employees to perform their job duties from locations outside the traditional office environment. This can include working from home, co-working spaces, or even while traveling. The rise of remote work has been facilitated by **digital tools** and **cloud-based technologies** that enable seamless communication and collaboration across distances.

Many companies have embraced this new work model, citing benefits such as increased productivity, reduced overhead costs, and improved employee satisfaction. Employees, on the other hand, appreciate the flexibility and improved work-life balance that remote work offers. However, this shift has not been without challenges. Some organizations struggle with maintaining team cohesion and company culture in a virtual environment. Additionally, not all jobs are suitable for remote work, and some employees may face difficulties in separating their work and personal lives when working from home. As remote work continues to gain traction, its long-term effects on various aspects of business and society, including office space demand, are becoming increasingly apparent and worthy of study.

Q.7) Write an essay on any one topic of the following

(10 Marks)

a) Legal & Ethical issues in Healthcare

b) My idea of a satisfying career

DESIGN

Total No. of Questions: 03

Seat No.:

NOV 2024



DES SHRI NAVALMAL FIORDIA LAW COLLEGE, PUNE

B.A.LL.B. (Semester-I)

First Year of Five-Year Law Course

General Principles of Political Science [BA 0102]

(CBCS 2023 Pattern) (Theory)

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 70]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicates the full marks.

A) Attempt any 2 questions from the following:

(15 x 2)

- 1) Elaborate on Plato's Classification of government and Aristotle's Constitutional cycle.
- 2) Explain the meaning and definition of the state. Elaborate on the essential elements of the state.
- 3) What is the meaning, definition and nature of Political science?
- 4) Elaborate in detail the role of Election Commission in regulating Political parties in India.

B) Attempt any 3 questions from the following:

(10 x 3)

- 5) Explain Montesquieu's Theory of Separation of Powers.
- 6) What is Austin's Interpretation of Sovereignty?

7) What is Plato's Ideal state?

8) Explain the Relationship of Political Science with Economics.

9) What are Characteristics of Sovereignty?

C] Write Short Notes :

(5 x 2)

10) Write any 2 Short Notes.

a) Political Parties.

b) Aristocracy.

c) Communitarian Approach.

d) Civil Society.

Total No. of Questions: 03

Seat No.:

**DESHRI NAVALMAL FIORDIA LAW COLLEGE, PUNE**

B.A.LL.B. (Semester-I)

First Year of Five Year Law Course

General Principles of Economics [BA 0103]

(CBCS 2023 Pattern) (Theory)

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 70]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
 - 2) Figures to the right indicates the full marks.
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A| Attempt Any 2 questions from the following:

(15 x 2)

- 1) Explain the Positive and Normative Economics. -
- 2) Explain the Meaning, Definition, and Scope of Economics. -
- 3) Explain briefly Elasticity of Demand – Price, Income, and Cross Elasticity of Demand
- 4) What is the Law of Demand and Supply? Discuss how the interaction between demand and supply determines market equilibrium.

B| Attempt Any 3 questions from the following:

(10 x 3)

- 5) Explain the characteristics and differences among Perfect Competition, Monopoly.
- 6) Distinguish between Micro-economics and Macro-economics. -
- 7) Explain Production Function - Law of Variable Proportions and Returns to Scale.

8) Write briefly on Fixed and Variable Cost.

9) Elucidate Factors of Production - Land, Labour, Capital, and Organization.

C] Write Short Notes:

(5 x 2)

10) Write Any 2 Short Notes.

a) Mercantilists and Monetarists

b) Functional & Personal Distribution of Income

c) Developmental and Welfare Economics

d) Evolution of Modern Indian Economic Thought- Amartya Sen.

Total No. of Questions: 03

Seat No.:



DES SHRI NAVALMAL FIRODIA LAW COLLEGE, PUNE

B.A.LL.B. (Semester-I)

First Year of Five Year Law Course

General Principles of Sociology [BA 0104]

(CBCS 2023 Pattern) (Theory)

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 70]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicates the full marks.

A] Attempt Any 2 questions from the following:

(15 x 2)

- 1) Describe the social and intellectual context in which sociology emerged as a distinct discipline?
- 2) Discuss the concepts of social values and norms. Explain how they contribute to the functioning of social institutions (like family, education, religion, or government).
- 3) Evaluate the role of law in bringing about social change. Consider both the progressive and regressive aspects of legal interventions in social issues.
- 4) Explain the concept of socialization in sociology. Discuss its importance in human development and the formation of identity. Provide examples of primary and secondary socialization agents and analyse their roles in an individual's life.

B] Attempt Any 3 questions from the following:

(10 x 3)

- 5) Compare two theoretical perspectives Marxism and Structural Functionalism on social stratification.

- 6) Discuss different types of social mobility and the factors that may facilitate or hinder mobility.
Provide examples to illustrate these factors.
- 7) Discuss the different types of marriages with examples.
- 8) Elaborate the concept "social system" and the AGIL model of social understanding?
- 9) Describe Sociology's relationship with other subject.

C] Write Short Notes:

(5 x 2)

10) Write Any 2 Short Notes.

- a) Types of family
- b) Social Differentiation
- c) Difference between society and community.
- d) Ethics
